Mali - Bamako

Global Youth Tobacco Survey (GYTS)

Vouth tobacco survey

FACT SHEET

The Mali - Bamako GYTS includes data on prevalence of cigarette and other tobacco use as well as information on five determinants of tobacco use: access/availability and price, environmental tobacco smoke exposure (ETS), cessation, media and advertising, and school curriculum. These determinants are components Mali could include in a comprehensive tobacco control program.

The Mali- Bamako GYTS was a school-based survey of students in grades 7-9, conducted in 2001. A two-stage cluster

sample design was used to produce representative data for all of Bamako. At the first stage, schools were selected with probability proportional to enrollment size. At the second stage, classes were randomly selected and all students in selected classes were eligible to participate. The school response rate was 100%, the student response rate was 86.3%, and the overall response rate was 86.3%. A total of 2156 students participated in the Mali – Bamako GYTS.

Prevalence

39.8% of students had ever smoked cigarettes (Male = 59.0%, Female = 14.7%)

31.2% currently use any tobacco product (Male = 44.9%, Female = 12.6%)

28.0% currently smoke cigarettes (Male = 43.7%, Female = 7.6%)

11.0% currently use other tobacco products (Male = 13.4%, Female = 7.5%)

8.6% of never smokers are likely to initiate smoking next year

Knowledge and Attitudes

56.4% think boys and 36.7% think girls who smoke have more friends 29.5% think boys and 25.4% think girls who smoke look more attractive

Access and Availability - Current Smokers

20.3% usually smoke at home

41.5% buy cigarettes in a store

63.6% who bought cigarettes in a store were NOT refused purchase because of their age

Environmental Tobacco Smoke

60.5% live in homes where others smoke

76.0% are around others who smoke in places outside their home

77.9% think smoking should be banned from public places

49.4% think smoke from others is harmful to them

21.2% have one or more parents who smoke

18.2% have most or all friends who smoke

Cessation - Current Smokers

83.2% want to stop smoking

78.2% tried to stop smoking during the past year

93.2% have ever received help to stop smoking

Media and Advertising

87.8% saw anti-smoking media messages, in the past 30 days

77.5% saw pro-cigarette ads on billboards, in the past 30 days

70.1% saw pro-cigarette ads in newspapers or magazines, in the past 30 days

29.3% have an object with a cigarette brand logo

16.6% were offered free cigarettes by a tobacco company representative

School

35.2% had been taught in class, during the past year, about the dangers of smoking

38.2% had discussed in class, during the past year, reasons why people their age smoke

43.0% had been taught in class, during the past year, the effects of tobacco use

Highlights

- 31% of students currently use any form of tobacco; 28% currently smoke cigarettes; 11% currently use some other form of tobacco.
- ETS exposure is very high 6 in 10 students live in homes where others smoke; 3 in 4 are exposed to smoke in public places; 2 in 10 have parents who smoke.
- Half of students think smoke from others is harmful to them.
- Almost 8 in 10 students think smoking in public places should be banned.
- Over 8 in 10 smokers want to quit.
- Almost 9 in 10 students saw antismoking media messages in the past 30 days; over 7 in 10 students saw pro-cigarette ads in the past 30 days.